# Divisibility and Remainder Shortcuts 

NJ Loves Math

## Divisibility and Remainder Shortcuts

Understanding the rules for divisibility and remainders improves speed and accuracy for reducing common fractions, identifying factors and more. Rules are specific to the divisor.

| Divisor | Divisibility Rule | Remainder Rule |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | The number is even. | If the units digit is even, the remainder is 0 , if odd, its 1 . |
| 3 | The sum of the digits is divisible by 3 . | The result from summing the digits and dividing by 3 . |
| 4 | The last two digits is divisible by 4. | Use the remainder from the divisibility rule. |
| 5 | The number ends in 0 or 5 . | If the last digit is $<5$, then it is the remainder, if $>5$, then divide 5 into it to get the remainder. |
| 6 | The number is even and the sum of the digits is divisible by 3 . | The result from summing the digits and dividing by 6. |
| 8 | The last three digits are divisible by 8. | Use the remainder from the divisibility rule. |
| 9 | The sum of the digits is divisible by 9 . | The result from summing the digits and dividing by 9 . |
| 10 | The number ends in 0 . | Use the units digit. |
| 11 | Add the digits at odd places. Subtract the sum of the digits at even places. If the difference is 0 , then it is divisible by 11 . | Use the remainder from the divisibility rule. If the remainder is negative, keep adding 11 to it until you reach a positive number. That is the remainder. |

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## Divisibility Shortcuts

Knowing the rules for divisibility and finding remainders can improve speed and accuracy for reducing common fractions and identifying factors. Each rule is specific to the divisor. A number is divisible by another number if after division, the remainder is zero.

| Divisible By? | Divisibility Rule |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 | The number is even (it ends with $0,2,4,6$, or 8. ) |
| 3 | The sum of the digits is divisible by 3. |
| 4 | The last two digits is divisible by 4. |
| 5 | The number ends in 0 or 5. |
| 6 | The number is even and the sum of the digits is divisible by 3. |
| 8 | The last three digits are divisible by 8. |
| 9 | The sum of the digits is divisible by 9. |
| 10 | The number ends in 0. |
| 11 | Add the digits at odd places. Subtract the sum of the digits at even |
|  | places. If the difference is 0, then the number is divisible by 11. |

## Remainder Shortcuts

Knowing the rules for divisibility and finding remainders can improve speed and accuracy for reducing common fractions and identifying factors. Each rule is specific to the divisor. A number is divisible by another number if after division, the remainder is zero.

| Divisible By? | Divisibility Rule |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 | If the units digit is even, the remainder is 0 , if odd, its 1. |
| 3 | The result from summing the digits and dividing by 3. |
| 4 | Use the remainder from the divisibility rule. |
| 5 | If the last digit is less than 5, then it is the remainder, if greater than 5, |
| then divide (or subtract) 5 into it to get the remainder. |  |
| 6 | The result from summing the digits and dividing by 6. |
| 8 | Use the remainder from the divisibility rule. |
| 9 | The result from summing the digits and dividing by 9. |
| 10 | Use the units digit. |
| 11 | Use the remainder from the divisibility rule. If the remainder isnegative, |
|  | keep adding 11 to the remainder until you get to a positive number. |

## Further References

http://www.helpingwithmath.com/by_subject/division/div_divisibility_rules. htm
http://burningmath.blogspot.com/2013/09/finding-remainder-on-dividingnumbers.html
https://brilliant.org/wiki/divisibility-rules/
The Remainders Game (maths.org)
(Questionable rules that do not work consistently, possibly remove.)

## Thank You!

## Deleted Slides

## More Divisibility and Remainder Shortcuts

| Divisor | Divisibility Rule | Remainder Rule |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7 | Double the unit digit and subtract it from <br> remaining number. | Split the digits of the number in group of 3 <br> starting from unit's place. Add the alternate <br> group and then find their difference. Divide the <br> difference by 7 and get the remainder. |
| 12 | A number is divisible by 12 if it is divisible by <br> both 3 and 4. | if 4 times the units digit of the number plus the <br> remaining number is a multiple of $13 ;$ |
| 13 | Split the digits of the number in groups of 3 <br> starting from unit's place. Add the alternate <br> group and then find their difference. Divide the <br> difference by 13 and get the remainder. |  |
| 14 | The number must be divisible by 2 and 7. | The number must be divisible by 3 and 5. |


[^0]:    Note: If you don't know the new number's divisibility, you can use the rule again and again and again.

